Project ECHO Session One

Introduction and Survivorship 101

January 11, 2024

Recording: Project ECHO Session One 1.11.24

SURVIVORSHIP PROJECT ECHO(Extension for Community Healthcare Outcomes)



Collaborators:

NYSDOH/NYSCCCP SUNY Upstate (The Upstate Foundation, Inc.) NYS Survivorship Action Team

Subject matter team leads:

Maureen Killackey M.D. Tessa Flores, M.D. Christina Crabtree-Ide, PhD, MPH

Funding: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

HOUSEKEEPING ITEMS

Please type your name (first and last), health center or organization, and your email address into the Chat Box.

Please mute your line and remain on camera.

If you have a question, please type it in the Chat Box. Questions will be answered after the speakers' presentations.

This ECHO session is being recorded and a link will be e-mailed to attendees and posted on the NYS Cancer Consortium Website (nyscancerconsortium.org)

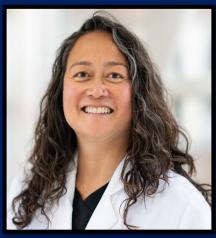
Do NOT share any personal information about any patient.

The Session PowerPoint and materials will be sent to attendees after each ECHO Session along with the CME survey.

INTRODUCTIONS



Sylvia K. Wood Ph.D., DNP, ANP-BC, AOCNP
Clinical Associate Professor,
Director, Ph.D. Program in Nursing,
Department of Doctoral
Studies Stony Brook University
School of Nursing



Tessa Faye Flores, M.D.

Medical Director of Cancer Screening and Survivorship at Roswell Park Comprehensive Cancer Center and a board-certified Internist and Pediatrician



Maureen Killackey, MD, FACS, FACOG

Chair, NYS Cancer Advisory Council and American College of Surgeons Commission on Cancer Site Reviewer



Facilitator: Christina Crabtree-Ide, PhD, MPH

Epidemiologist and Health Services
Researcher and Implementation
Scientist at Roswell Park
Comprehensive Cancer Center

Speakers have no disclosures or conflicts to report. Crabtree-Ide reports funding support from Genentech, and stock ownership of Danaher, Fortive, Vontier, and Veralto Corps.

PARTICIPANT INTRODUCTIONS

Please type your name (first and last), health center or organization, and your email address into the Chat Box.

Welcome

Survivorship ECHO Series

Session 1 Introduction and Survivorship 101

SPEAKERS

Maureen Killackey, MD, FACS, FACOG Tessa Flores, MD Sylvia K. Wood PhD, DNP, ANP-BC, AOCNP

Facilitator: Christina Crabtree-Ide, PhD, MPH



What is a Project ECHO?



- Collaborative, hub & spoke model of medical education and care management
- Goal is to form long-lasting partnerships between community-based provider teams and specialized providers to create bi-directional learning networks
- Increases workforce capacity to provide best-practice specialty care to patients wherever they may live; reduces health disparities

"Moving knowledge, not people"

Patient Expectations of High-Quality Cancer Care, 2024

HIGHER HEALTH LITERACY, WELL-INFORMED PATIENT & FAMILY





PSYCHOSOCIAL & PALLIATIVE CARE

TARGETED NAVIGATION BASED ON NEED

CLINICAL RESEARCH

SO, HOW ARE WE DOING IN NYS?

- ~70% NYS CoC Cancer sites have <u>Survivorship Programs</u> (required)
- Survivorship Care Plans when developed, <50% routinely share with PCPs
- Barriers: EMR issues, prep time, reimbursement, value?
- <50% <u>coordinate</u> survivorship care with local PCPs
- 50% that do coordinate with PCPs experience challenges such as provider knowledge, confidence
- Bidirectional collaboration and communication lacking
- Few programs provide <u>training or educational opportunities</u> for PCPs, Ob/Gyns and nurses about survivors' cares and needs
- (How NYS Cancer Programs Implement Survivorship Care: CoC Program Assessment Findings Responses from 55/62 ~90%- Eligible NYS CoC-Accredited Programs)

NYS Survivorship ECHO Program Goal



- The goal of the Survivorship ECHO program is to improve knowledge and access to high-quality, evidence-based information related to Survivorship Care for healthcare teams who care for patients with a history of cancer
- The aims are to:
 - Educate Primary Care Teams on issues faced by cancer survivors
 - Develop integration, communication and coordination with the Oncology Team and Patient Navigation services
 - Identify and utilize community resources; Link NYS state-wide expertise

NYS Survivorship ECHO: Target Participants





Primary care teams providing care to rural and underserved/under-resourced populations in NYS



Any multi-disciplinary teams who care for cancer survivors in NYS

Goals & Objectives ECHO Series



After participating in this ECHO Session, participants will be able to:

- 1. Describe the goals, objectives and expectations of this ECHO Series
- 2. Understand the current landscape of survivorship in New York State
- Identify available cancer survivorship resources and clinical guidelines.
- 4. Explain the role of the primary care provider in cancer survivorship care

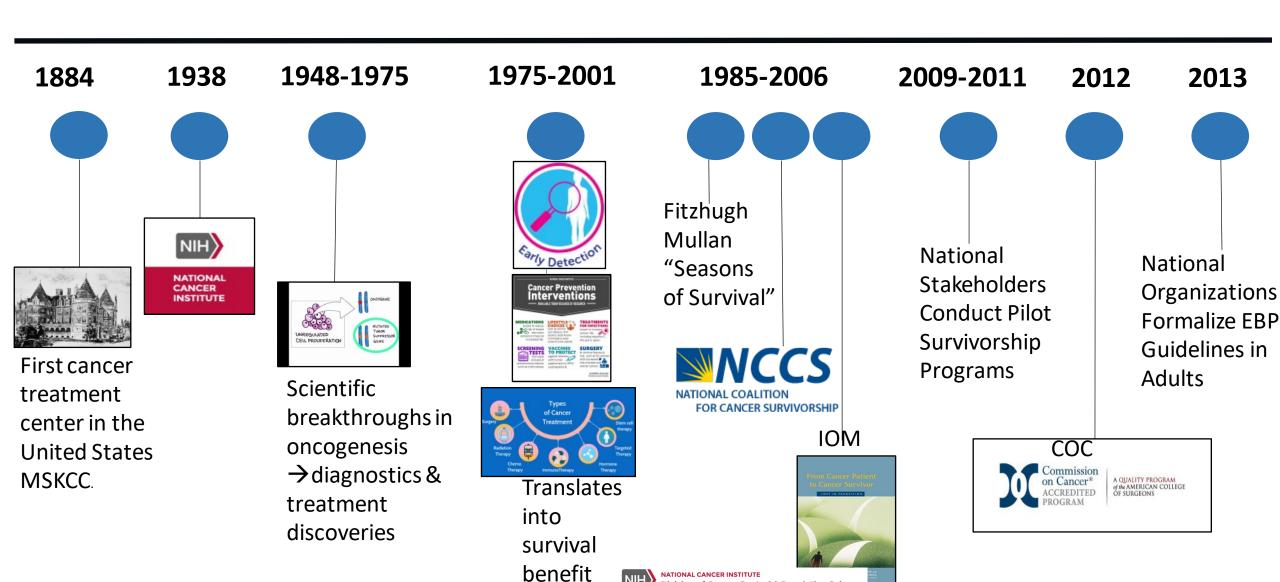
Definition of a Cancer Survivor

An individual is considered a cancer survivor from the time of diagnosis, through the balance of life. There are many types of survivors, including those living with cancer and those free of cancer. This term is meant to capture a population of those with a history of cancer rather than to provide a label that may or may not resonate with individuals.



National Cancer Institute-Office of Cancer Survivorship (2022, February 3).

Timeline: History of Cancer Survivorship



NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

fice of Cancer Survivorship

What is Cancer Survivorship?

In cancer, survivorship focuses on the health and well-being of a person with cancer from the time of diagnosis until the end of life.

This includes the physical, mental, emotional, social, and financial effects of cancer that begin at diagnosis and continue through treatment and beyond.

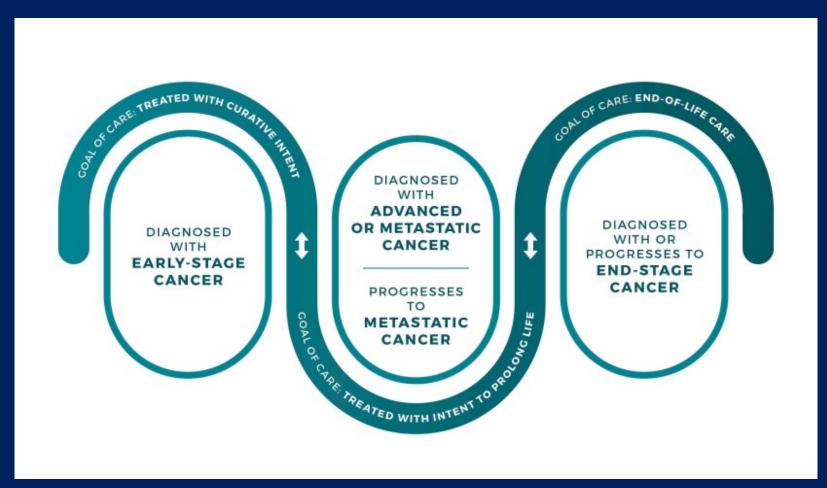
The survivorship experience also includes issues related to follow-up care (including regular health and wellness checkups), late effects of treatment, cancer recurrence, second cancers, and quality of life.

Family members, friends, and caregivers are also considered part of the survivorship experience.

National Cancer Institute-NCI Dictionary of Cancer Terms. Survivorship https://www.cancer.gov/publications/dictionaries/cancer-terms/



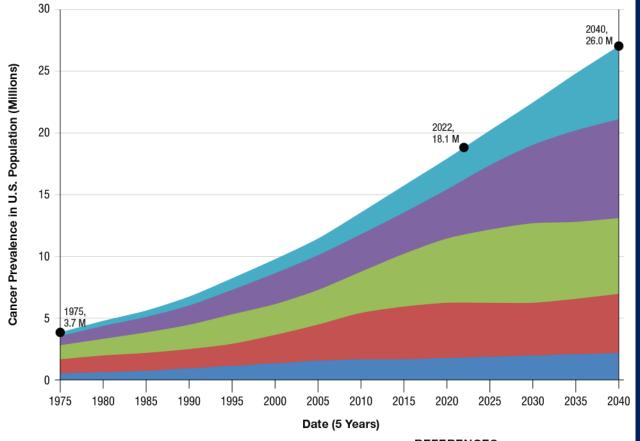
Phases of Cancer Survivorship

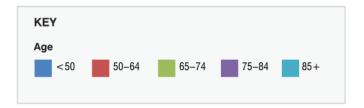


National Cancer Institute-Office of Cancer Survivorship. (2022, February 3). Phases of cancer survivorship. https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/ocs/definitions

US Cancer Survivors Prevalence and Projections 1975-2040

Cancer Prevalence and Projections in U.S. Population from 1975–2040



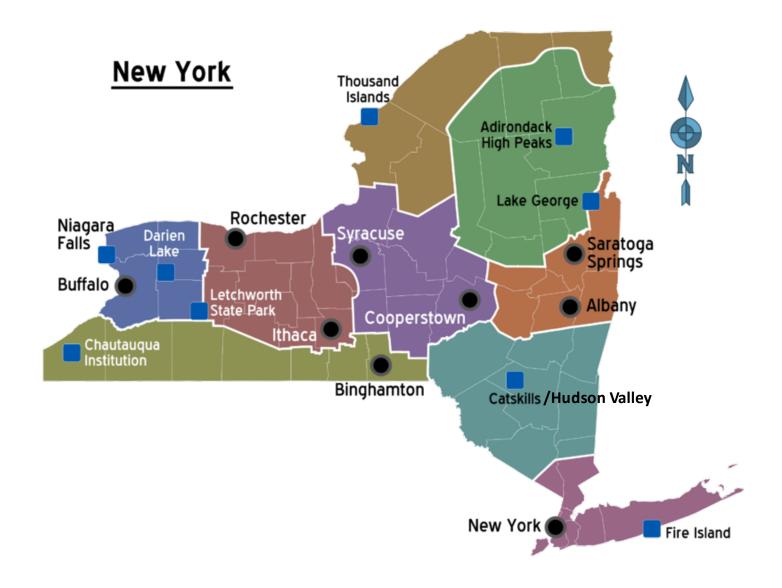


REFERENCES

Bluethmann SM, Mariotto AB, Rowland JH. Anticipating the "Silver Tsunami": Prevalence Trajectories and Comorbidity Burden among Older Cancer Survivors in the United States. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2016 Jul;25(7):1029-36.

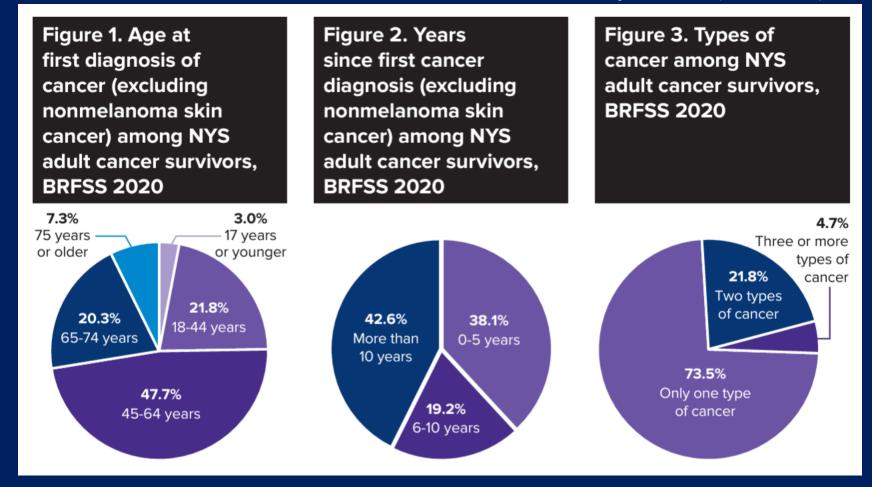
Miller KD, Nogueira L, Devasia T, Mariotto AB, Yabroff KR, Jemal A, Kramer J and Siegel RL. Cancer Treatment and Survivorship Statistics. CA A Cancer J Clin. 2022.

More than One Million Cancer Survivors Live in New York State

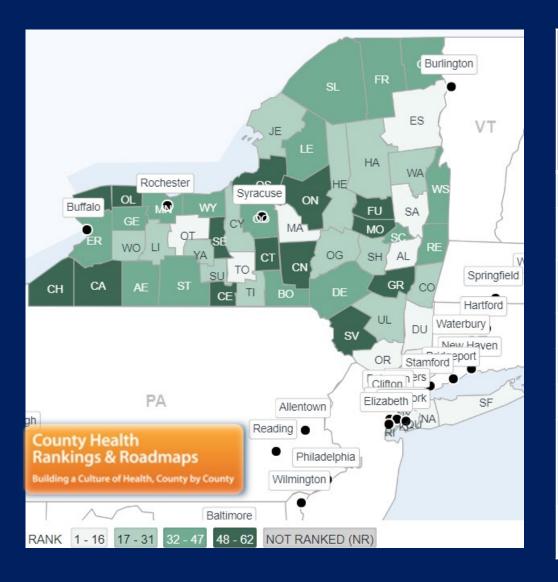


Cancer Survivors in New York State

Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)



NYS Health Outcomes and Factors Variation



	Number of 5-year cancer survivors: all tumor types	Population/1 Primary Care Provider
Niagara	5,121	2,480
Chautauqua	3,255	1,800
Cattaraugus	1,831	2,170
Lewis	506	1,540
Oneida	4,957	1,310
Sullivan	1,481	2,710
NYS County-level Range	400,900 5-year survivors 1.2M survivors	690-13,330 1,170 Average
US Average	18.1M	1,310

Estimates derived from NYS DOH Cancer Registry data for NYS Counties

<u>Statistics and Graphs | Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences (DCCPS)</u>

New York | County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

Table 1. Prevalence of self-reported cancer type among NYS adult cancer survivors, overall and by sex, BRFSS 2020

	All Su	All Survivors		Male Survivors		Female Survivors	
Cancer Type ^a	%*	95% CI*	% *	95% CI*	%*	95% CI*	
Breast	20.8	17.0-24.5	**	**	35.6	29.7-41.5	
Melanoma	16.8	13.3-20.2	19.1	13.9-24.2	15.0	10.3-19.7	
Male reproductive ^b	15.6	12.3-18.9	35.8	29.3-42.4	NA***	NA***	
Leukemia/Lymphomas	9.9	6.5-13.3	13.0	7.9-18.2	7.5	3.0-12.1	
Other cancer types ^c	7.3	4.7-9.8	8.5	3.8-13.3	6.3	3.7-8.8	
Female reproductive ^d	6.7	4.7-8.7	NA***	NA***	11.9	8.5-15.3	
Gastrointestinal ^e	5.4	3.5-7.3	5.7	2.7-8.8	5.2	2.7-7.6	
Head/Neck ^f	5.1	2.7-7.4	3.0	0.8-5.1	6.7	2.9-10.5	
Lung	4.3	2.5-6.0	3.8	1.6-6.0	4.6	2.0-7.3	
Urinary tract ^g	2.7	1.4-3.9	3.0	1.3-4.8	2.4	0.6-4.2	
Unknown/Refused	5.6	3.9-7.3	6.5	3.7-9.3	4.9	2.7-7.1	

^{*% =} weighted percentage; 95% CI = 95% confidence interval

^{**}suppressed

^{***}NA=not applicable

^a For cancer survivors who reported more than one cancer diagnosis, the cancer type reported was the most recently diagnosed cancer.

b Includes prostate and testicular cancers.

^c Includes bone, brain, neuroblastoma, and other not specified cancer types.

d Includes cervical, endometrial, and ovarian cancers.

^e Includes colon, esophageal, liver, pancreatic, rectal and stomach cancers.

f Includes head and neck, oral, pharyngeal (throat), thyroid, and larynx cancers

⁹ Includes bladder and renal cancers.

Cancer Survivor Needs



Physical Well-Being

- Functional status
- Fatigue and sleep
- Overall physical health
- Fertility
- Pain
- Food-Quality, Enough?

Quality of Life

Psychological Well-Being



- Control
- Anxiety
- Depression
- Fear of recurrence
- Cognition/attention



Social Well-Being

- Family distress
- Roles and relationships
- Affection/sexual function
- Appearance
- Isolation
- Finances/employment

Spiritual Well-Being



- Meaning of illness
- Religiosity
- Transcendence
- Hope
- Uncertainty
- Inner strength

Ferrell & Hassey Dow, 1997

Spectrum of Disciplines Involved in Survivorship Care Nursing Sexual Health Cardio-Oncology **Physical Therapy** Nutrition **Fertility** Specialist Ophthalmology Psychology **PCP** Genetics Urology Internist Nephrology Neuropsychology Neurology Cancer Audiology **Endocrinology** Gynecology Rehabilitation Surgery Ear, Nose, Throat Reproductive **Pulmonology Endocrinology** Palliative Care Orthopedics Gastroenterology

Interdisciplinary Survivorship Care Providers



Diagnosis, screening assessment, treatment, rehabilitation, survivorship or palliative care



Nurses and APNs cut across the whole spectrum of care and survivorship trajectory

Cancer Survivorship Clinical Practice Guidelines

National Academy of Medicine Recommendation

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN)

Dr. Tessa Flores!

By Topic:

Anthracycline-induced cardiac toxicity

Anxiety and depression Cognitive function

Exercise

Fatigue

Healthy lifestyles

Immunizations and infections

Menopause-related symptoms

Pain

Sexual function (female/male)

Sleep disorders

The Children's Oncology Group Long-Term Follow-Up Guidelines for Survivors of Childhood, Adolescent, & Young Adult Cancers

By Topic:

Any Cancer Experience

 Psychosocial, Fatigue, Sleep, limitations in healthcare access, subsequent malignancy, malignancy risk offspring

Blood/Serum Products

Chemotherapy

Radiation

Hematopoietic Cell Transplant

Surgery

Other Therapeutic Models

General Health Screening

American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO)

By Topic:

Anxiety and depression

Cardiac dysfunction

Chronic pain

Fatigue

Fertility preservation

Neuropathy

Palliative care

By Cancer Site:

Breast (ASCO/ACS)

American Cancer Society (ACS) Survivorship Care Guidelines for Primary Care Providers

By Topic:

Holistic:

Care coordination

Health promotion

Long-term and late effects

Nutrition and physical activity

Screening

Surveillance

By Cancer Site:

Breast (ACS/ASCO)

Colorectal

Prostate

Head and neck

HELPFUL RESOURCES

ASCO Treatment Summary and Survivorship Care Plan (PDF)

Download this survivorship care plan template, treatment summary and follow-up care plan, to enhance communication and coordination of care for the survivor.

PDQ Cancer Information Summaries: Supportive Care

Find descriptions of the cause and treatment of common complications of cancer, such as pain and nausea/vomiting.

Coping with Cancer: Supportive and Palliative Care

Find answers to many commonly asked questions about supportive and palliative care.

Helpful Resources

Facing Forward Series

Designed to educate cancer survivors, family members, and health care providers about the challenges associated with life after cancer treatment.

News and Highlights

View recent cancer survivorship news.

Evidence-Based Cancer Control Programs

Search this database of evidence-based cancer control programs, designed to provide program planners and public health practitioners with access to program materials.

Support for Caregivers

Providing care and support during cancer treatment can be difficult. Find resources for people who are helping a friend or family member through cancer diagnosis and treatment.

https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/ocs/resources/health-care-professionals#helpful

Health Care Professionals >

National Cancer Survivorship Resource Center

The National Cancer Survivorship Resource Center (The Survivorship Center) is a collaboration between the American Cancer Society and the George Washington University Cancer Institute funded by a 5-year cooperative agreement from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Challenges in cancer survivorship

- Widespread variation in models of cancer survivorship care delivery
- Lack of clarity in roles and responsibilities, communication and coordination between oncology team and PCPs
- Workforce shortages in oncology, primary care, and cancer survivorship
- Medical education specifically related to Cancer Survivorship is limited and informal
- Rural Patients and special populations:
 - Distance to care, limited options for transportation
 - Digital divide: internet services and health literacy
 - •Fewer PCPs, oncologists, and cancer services
 - •Social stigma, opiate epidemic, challenges to already stretched resources

Primary Care Challenges in Transition to in Cancer Survivorship

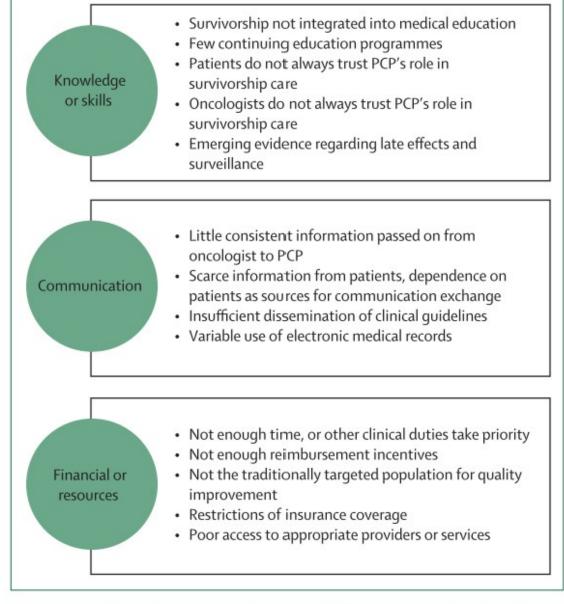


Figure 3: Examples of barriers to the integration of primary care into the cancer survivorship pathway

PCP=primary care provider.

Current Provider Issues: Cancer Survivorship Care

Limited knowledge of survivorship care needs, late and long-term effects

Communication

- Oncology –PCP
- Care team-survivors

Care delivery

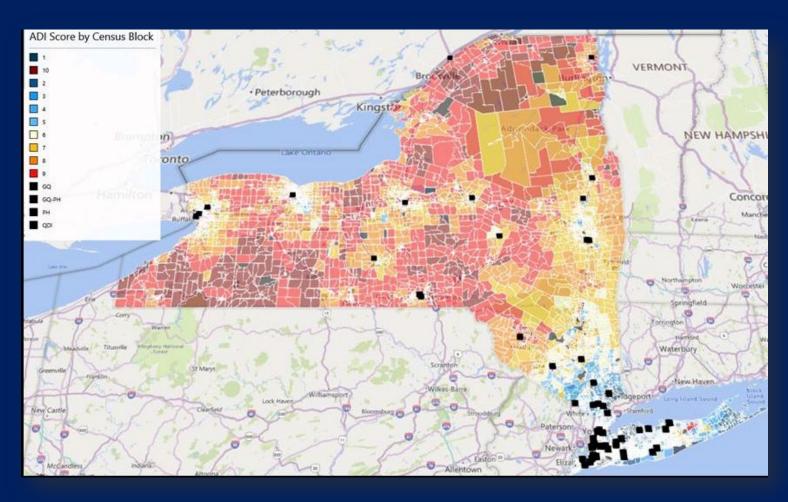
- Preventive care-responsible providers not clearly defined
- Duplication/Unnecessary testing
- Insurance restrictions
- Transfer care responsibilities
- Resources
- Access
- Comorbidity management

Few Providers and Limited Oncology Workforce

Understanding How NYS Cancer Programs Implement Survivorship Care

(Responses from 55/62 ~90%-Eligible CoC-Accredited Programs)

Limited workforce, limited availability in rural and underserved regions



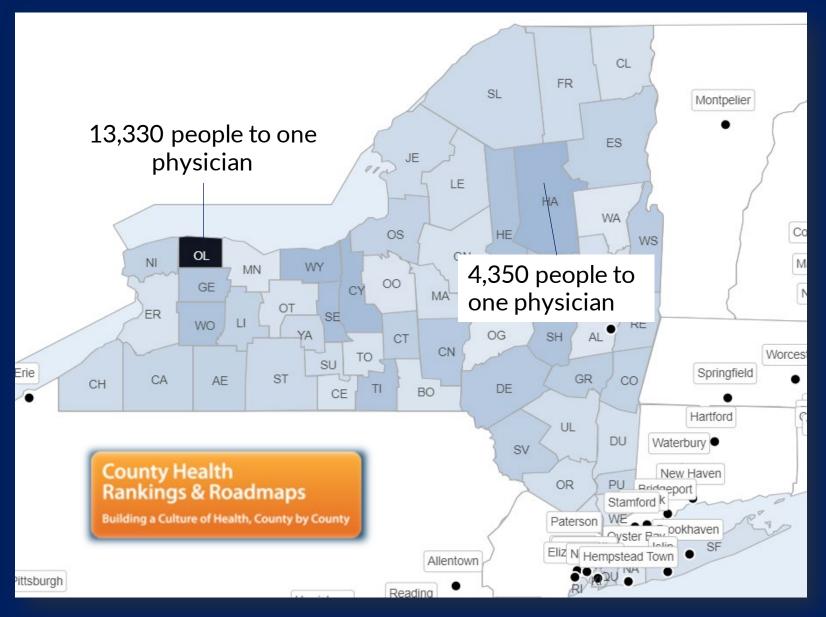
Map shows distribution of NYS Commission on Cancer-accredited Programs and Area Deprivation Index Score

<u>Hospital and Facilities | ACS (facs.org)</u> <u>Neighborhood Atlas - Home (wisc.edu)</u>

Few Primary Care Providers and Limited Workforce

Average: 1,170 people per provider

Range: 690-13,330 people per provider



New York | County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

Current trends

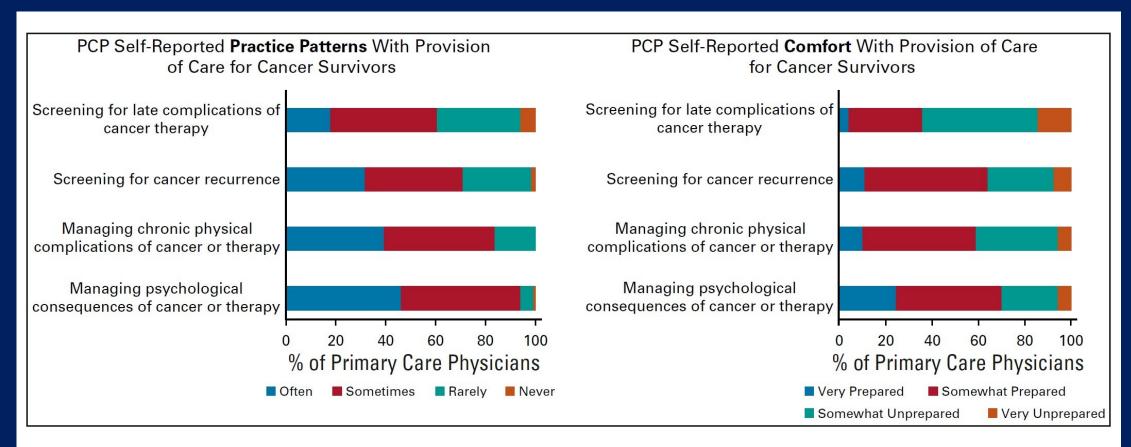


FIG 1. Primary care self-reported experience and comfort with providing aspects of cancer survivorship care. PCP, primary care physician.

Current PCP Self-Reported Barriers

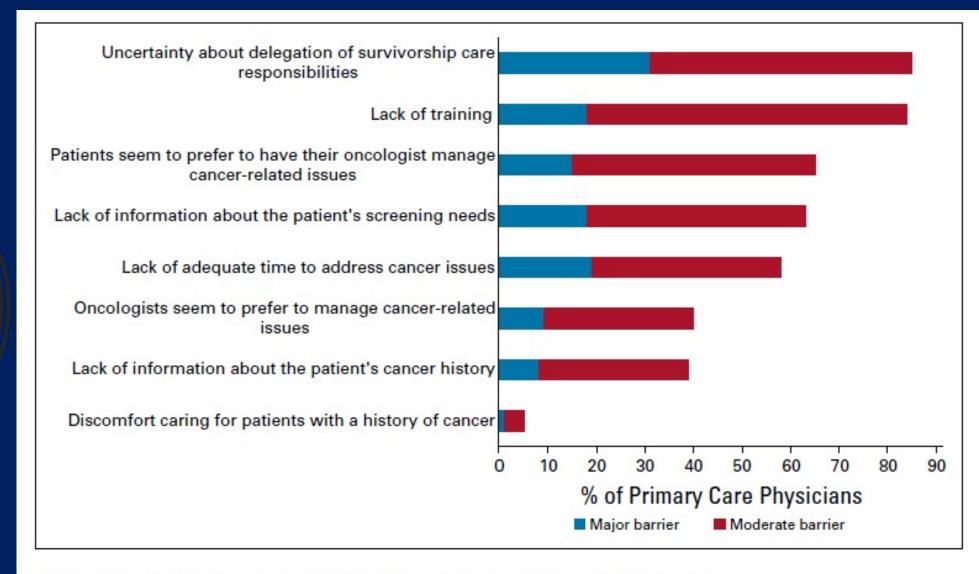


FIG 2. Primary care physicians' self-reported barriers to providing cancer survivorship care.

Cancer Survivorship Care Quality Framework

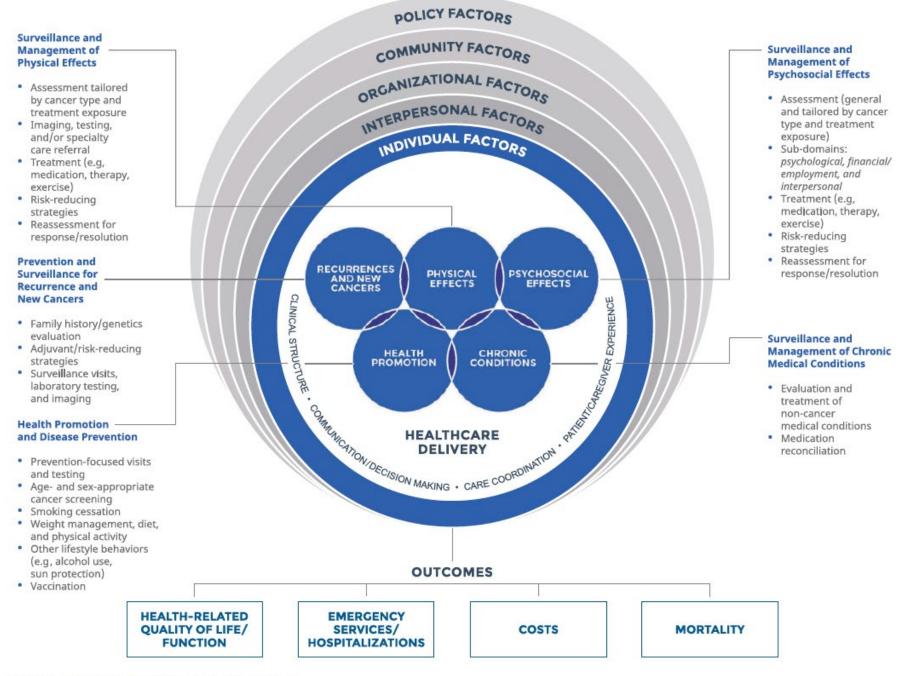


Figure 1. Cancer survivorship care quality framework.



search

Advanced Search

Home

Articles

Info For

SUBMIT

About

Classifieds

More

y





Brief Report | Brief Report

Nearly All Cancer Survivors Return to Primary Care

Laura C. Pinheiro, Mangala Rajan, Monika M. Safford, David M. Nanus and Lisa M. Kern

The Journal of the American Board of Family Medicine July 2022, 35 (4) 827-832; DOI: https://doi.org/10.3122/jabfm.2022.04.220007

PCP Role in Cancer Survivorship Care

Surveillance for metastatic disease, recurrence, screening for subsequent primary cancers

Ongoing assessment for long-term effects of cancer & Rx

 Psychological, physical, immunologic Ongoing assessment & management of cancer-related syndromes or issues

Prevention, healthy lifestyle

Referrals & Coordination of care

Survivorship Care Plans

- Patient diagnosis and treatment summary
- Best schedule for follow-up tests
- Information on late and long-term effects of cancer treatment
- List of symptoms to look for
- List of support resources

Components of Survivorship Care Plans

Tissue diagnosis, stage, treatment plan and dates of treatment, toxicities experience

Expected short-and long-term side effects of therapy

Surveillance plan for recurrence and secondary cancers

Recommendations for late term monitoring

Listing of providers responsible for care with contact information

Evaluation of psychosocial needs

Preventative, health promotion behaviors

Follow-up care and referrals

Survivorship Care Planning Needs a Personalized Focus

- Consider patient's disease type/stage, age, gender identity, comorbidities, and family history
- Social determinants of health
- Identify risk for recurrence, and/or high-risk factors for the development of secondary cancer or new primary cancer
- Consider needed physical, psychosocial supports & healthy lifestyle modifications
- Communication & Care coordination

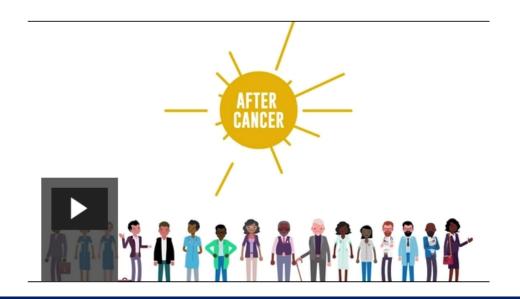
Building a Cancer Survivorship Program at Stanford

Our mission is to improve the experience, and outcomes, of patients and caregivers throughout all phases of their cancer journey by advancing survivorship research, clinical care and education.

Our vision is to give people living with cancer the tools they need to manage their illness with confidence.

We are building interdisciplinary research teams to discover news ways of supporting patients and families, to understand the late effects of cancer therapy, and to integrate survivorship care within primary care.

Video on Survivorship





Advancing Patient-Centered Cancer Survivorship Care

Adapted from the National Cancer Survivorship Resource Center www.cancer.org/survivorshipcenter

Dr. Maureen Killackey, GWU External Advisory Board, CoC Project

Development of this presentation was made possible by cooperative agreement #5U55DP003054 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The views expressed here do not necessarily reflect the official policies of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; nor does mention of trade names, commercial practices, or organizations imply endorsement by the U.S. government.



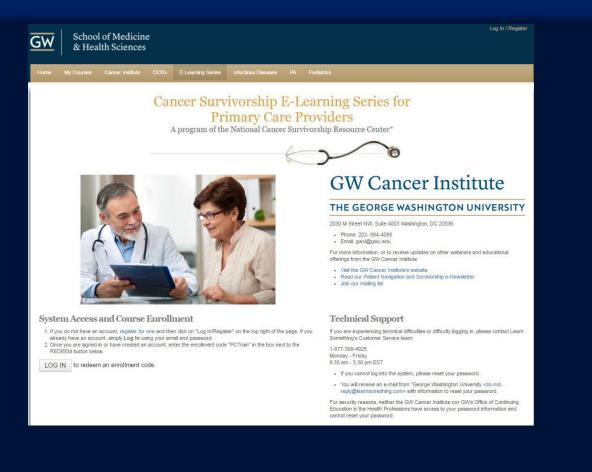






Cancer Survivorship E-Learning Series

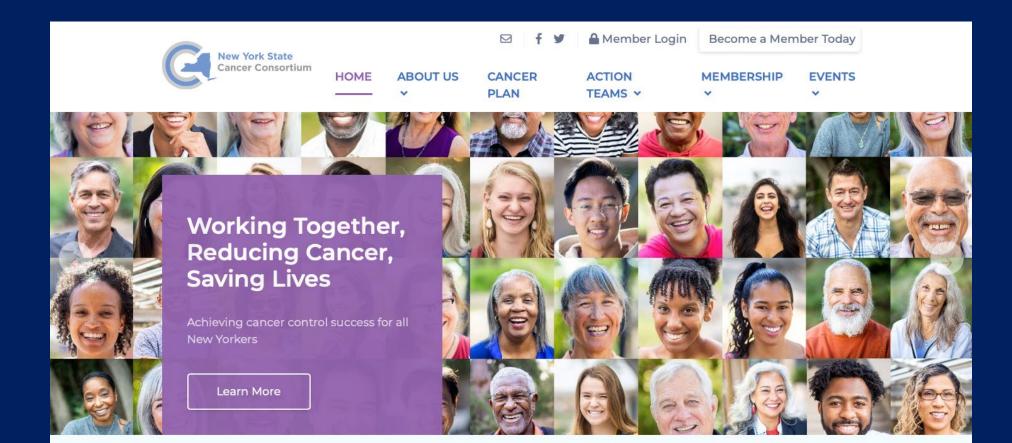
GWcanceradmin@gwu.edu



Explore GW Cancer Center Online Trainings

Courses include free continuing education credits for:

- CHES®/MCHES®
- Nursing CEU
- AMA PRA Category 1 Credit
- •NASW, Certified Health Education Specialist/Master Certified Health Education, and more!
- •Comprehensive list of disease site topics, clinical issues, supportive services such as navigation, addressing barriers to care, financial issues



About the New York State Cancer Consortium

The New York State Cancer Consortium is a network of individuals and organizations who work together to reduce the burden of cancer by implementing strategies outlined in the NYS Comprehensive Cancer Control Plan. <u>Click Here</u> for more information about what we do and how to get involved.

References

Adam, R., & Watson, E. (2018, Sep). The role of primary care in supporting patients living with and beyond cancer. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 12(3), 261-267. https://doi.org/10.1097/spc.00000000000000369

American Cancer Society. (2022). Cancer treatment & survivorship facts & figures 2022-2024 https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/research/cancer-facts-and-statistics/cancer-treatment-and-survivorship-facts-and-figures/2022-cancer-treatment-and-survivorship-fandf-acs.pdf

American College of Surgeons. (2022). Optimal resources for cancer care: 2020 standards updated 2022. https://www.facs.org/media/whmfnppx/2020_coc_standards.pdf

Coschi, C. H., Bainbridge, D., & Sussman, J. (2021). Understanding the attitudes and beliefs of oncologists regarding the transitioning and sharing of survivorship care. Current Oncology, 28(6), 5452-5465. https://www.mdpi.com/1718-7729/28/6/454

Fitch, M. I., Nicoll, I., & Lockwood, G. (2020). Cancer survivor's perspectives on the major challenge in the transition to survivorship. Patient Education and Counseling, 103(11), 2361-2367. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pec.2020.04.018

Fitch, M. I., Nicoll, I., Lockwood, G., Strohschein, F. J., & Newton, L. (2021). Main challenges in survivorship transitions: Perspectives of older adults with cancer. Journal of Geriatric Oncology, 12(4), 632-640. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jgo.2020.09.024

Gallicchio, L., Devasia, T. P., Tonorezos, E., Mollica, M. A., & Mariotto, A. (2022, Aug 22). Estimation of the numbers of individuals living with metastatic cancer in the United States. Journal of the National Cancer Institute. https://doi.org/10.1093/jnci/djac158

Gegechkori, N., Haines, L., & Lin, J. J. (2017, Nov). Long-term and latent side effects of specific cancer types. Medical Clinics of North America, 101(6), 1053-1073. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mcna.2017.06.003

References

Hayes, B. D., Young, H. G., Atrchian, S., Vis-Dunbar, M., Stork, M. J., Pandher, S., Samper, S., Mccorquodale, S., Loader, A., & Voss, C. (2022). Primary care provider—led cancer survivorship care in the first 5 years following initial cancer treatment: a scoping review of the barriers and solutions to implementation. Journal of Cancer Survivorship. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11764-022-01268-y

Jablonski, K.M. (2019). Living with cancer-related late effects throughout extended survival. In P.J. Haylock & C. Curtiss (Eds.), Cancer survivorship: Interprofessional, patient-centered approaches to the seasons of survival (pp. 249–268). Oncology Nursing Society.

Jefford, M., Howell, D., Li, Q., Lisy, K., Maher, J., Alfano, C. M., Rynderman, M., & Emery, J. (2022, Apr 16). Improved models of care for cancer survivors. Lancet, 399(10334), 1551-1560. https://doi.org/10.1016/s0140-6736(22)00306-3

Love, M., Debay, M., Hudley, A. C., Sorsby, T., Lucero, L., Miller, S., Sampath, S., Amini, A., Raz, D., Kim, J., Pathak, R., Chen, Y. J., Kaiser, A., Melstrom, K., Fakih, M., & Sun, V. (2022). Cancer survivors, oncology, and primary care perspectives on survivorship care: An integrative review. Journal of Primary Care & Community Health, 13, 21501319221105248. https://doi.org/10.1177/21501319221105248

McDonough, A. L., Rabin, J., Horick, N., Lei, Y., Chinn, G., Campbell, E. G., Park, E. R., & Peppercorn, J. (2019, July). Practice, preferences, and practical tips from primary care physicians to improve the care of cancer survivors. Journal of Oncology Practice, 15(7), e600-e606. https://doi.org/10.1200/jop.18.00740

Miller, K. D., Nogueira, L., Devasia, T., Mariotto, A. B., Yabroff, K. R., Jemal, A., Kramer, J., & Siegel, R. L. (2022, Jun 23). Cancer treatment and survivorship statistics, 2022. CA A Cancer Journal for Clinicians. https://doi.org/10.3322/caac.21731

National Cancer Institute (NCI). (n.d.). NCI Dictionary of Cancer Terms. Survivorship https://www.cancer.gov/publications/dictionaries/cancer-terms/

References

National Cancer Institute (NCI)-Office of Cancer Survivorship. (2022). Statistics. https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/ocs/statistics#stats

National Cancer Institute (NCI)-Office of Cancer Survivorship. (2022, February 3). Phases of cancer survivorship. https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/ocs/definitions

Nelydia, L., Mollica, M. A., Jacobsen, P. B., Mayer, D. K., Shulman, L. N., & Geiger, A. M. (2019). Developing a quality of cancer survivorship care framework: Implications for clinical care, research, and policy. JNCI: Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 111(11), 1120-1130. https://doi.org/10.1093/jnci/djz089

Nekhlyudov, L., O'Malley, D., M., & Hudson, S. V. (2017). Integrating primary care providers in the care of cancer survivors: Gaps in evidence and future opportunities. Lancet Oncology, 18(1), e30-e38. https://doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045(16)30570-8

Nekhlyudov, L. (2021, March 5). How your primary care provider can help you throughout your cancer experience. https://www.cancer.net/blog/2021-03/how-your-primary-care-provider-can-help-you-throughout-your-cancer-experience

O'Malley, D., Hudson, S. V., Nekhlyudov, L., Howard, J., Rubinstein, E., Lee, H. S., Overholser, L. S., Shaw, A., Givens, S., Burton, J. S., Grunfeld, E., Parry, C., & Crabtree, B. F. (2017). Learning the landscape: implementation challenges of primary care innovators around cancer survivorship care. Journal of Cancer Survivorship, 11(1), 13-23. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11764-016-0555-2

Oncology Nursing Society (ONS). (2022). Essentials in survivorship care for the advanced practice provider. https://www.ons.org/learning-libraries/survivorship

Smith, G. L., Mendoza, T. R., Lowenstein, L. M., & Shih, Y.-C. T. (2021). Financial hardship in survivorship care delivery. Journal of the National Cancer Institute Monographs, 2021(57), 10-14. https://doi.org/10.1093/jncimonographs/lgaa012

Washko, M., Holt, M., Deal, A., Heiling, H., Hoover, R., & Mayer, D. K. (2022). Unmet needs in survivors on and off cancer treatment: A comparative survey. Clinical Journal of Oncology Nursing, 26(4), 335-342. https://doi.org/10.1188/22.Cjon.335-342

Wood, S. K. (2018). Transition to cancer survivorship: A concept analysis. Advances in Nursing Science, 41(2), 145-160. https://doi.org/10.1097/ANS.000000000000190

Scheduled sessions and subject matter discussants

Session 1: Introd	uction and	Survivorsh	nip 101
--------------------------	------------	------------	---------

January 11, 2024

12-1:00pm

Maureen Killackey, MD, FACS, FACOG

Tessa Flores, MD

Sylvia K. Wood PhD, DNP, ANP-BC, AOCNP

Facilitator: Christina Crabtree-Ide, PhD, MPH

Session 2: Survivorship Teams

February 8, 2024

12-1:00pm

Tessa Flores, MD

Gregory P. Rys, NP

Maura Abbott, PhD, AOCNP, CPNP-PC, RN

Facilitator: Maureen Killackey, M.D.

Session 3: Medical Issues in Survivorship

March 14, 2024

12-1:00pm Tes

Craig D Hametz, MD, FACC, FASE, FASNC

Tessa Flores, MD

Facilitator: Maureen Killackey, M.D.

Session 4: Survivorship Lifestyle Behaviors

April 11, 2024

Mara Ginsberg, Esq.

12-1:00pm

Timothy Korytko, MD

Facilitator: Christina Crabtree-Ide, PhD, MPH

Session 5: Survivorship and Sexual Health

May 9, 2024

Kristin Sobieraj, PA

12-1:00pm

Facilitator: Tessa Flores, M.D.

Session 6: Supportive Care in Survivorship

June 13, 2024

12-1:00pm

Anne Moyer, PhD

Robin Eggeling

Facilitator: Christina Crabtree-Ide, PhD, MPH